#### Title: Global Warming Is Real! Highlights from the Data

by Phil Morris PhD: retired Molecular Biologist and High School Science Teacher and concerned about Global Warming

Contact Information: I live in Edmond, OK and want to meet people interested in supporting a Pro-Global Warming agenda. Contact me if I can get involved or be of assistance in any way. I can be reached at philmorris66@cox.net

Topic 1: Human Impact on the Planet Earth



Figure 1: Humanity from Space: Western Europe

•The Human Race has a direct or indirect impact on 83% of the Earth's land surface and considerable impact on its Oceans.

### Topic 2: The Greenhouse Effect--A Natural Phenomenon

The principal source of energy to the Earth comes from the Sun



•Pre-Industrial Earth (1750) •The Earth Today Figure 2: The Greenhouse Effect

#### Theory of the Greenhouse Effect:

of outgoing infrared (heat) energy is blocked by gases in the Atmosphere, the temperature of the earth would

•We first learned about the Greenhouse Effect in 1827 Joseph Fourier (1768-1830 French Mathematicians)

The three greenhouse gases, Carbon Dioxide, Methane and Nitrous Oxide are responsible for most of the Greenhouse Effect.

#### Topic 3: The Greenhouse Gases: Atmospheric Levels are Increasing

Figure 3: Pre-Industrial and Trends in Atmospheric Levels of the Greenhouse Gases

GHGs	1755 Pre- Industrial (Ice Core Date)	1880 Good Temp Data (Ice Core Data)	1958 Satellites & MLO Data	2011*** MLO Data	% Change 1755- 2011
CO <sub>2</sub>	277 ppm*	290 ppm	315 ppm	391 ppm	41%
CH <sub>4</sub>	723 ppb**	847 ppb	1239 ppb	1803 ppb	149%
N <sub>2</sub> O	273 ppb	276 ppb	292 ppb	324 ppb	18.7%

\*ppm is the abbreviation for part per million

\*\*ppb: parts per billion \*IPCC AR5 uses data up to 2011. More current data can be found here: http://www.esrl.noaa.gov/gmd/ccgg/trends/index.htm

•The atmospheric levels of the Greenhouse Gases have increased over the last 240 years.

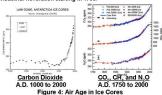
•2.03 trillion tons of Carbon Dioxide has been released into The Earth's Climate System since 1750

> •Mean Atmospheric CO, levels at the End of 2015 were 402.2 ppm

#### Topic 4: Ice Core Proxies—Past Climate Conditions

#### Law Dome Atmospheric Carbon Dioxide

The Law Dome ice cores are very informative for climate research. Due to the high snow fall at Law Dome Antarctica the snow is compressed into ice on a shorter time scale. Atmospheric Greenhouse Gas (GHG) levels were obtained up to about the year 2000. The data show that the levels of the major GHGs started to increase at about the same time as humans began using larger and larger amount of the fossil fuels for their source of energy. This was the result of the Industrial Revolution starting in 1750.



·lce cores show that the increase in the Greenhouse Gases began with the start of the Industrial Revolution in about 1750. We are Responsible!

Topic 5: Current Temperatures—The Trend is Upward

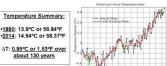


Figure 5: Global Mean Land-Ocean Surface Temperature: 1880 to 2014

Global mean surface temperatures relative to the 1951-1980 mean of 14°C or 57.2°F

\*black line is the annual mean (year by year) •red line is the 5-year running mean (5-year trend line)
•green bars show uncertainty estimates

•The trend is upward. Since 1880 the Earth's temperature has increased by 0.90°C or 1.62°F as of the end of 2015.

Given that the Greenhouse Effect is real and that it is caused by gases such as Carbon Dioxide, doesn't common sense tell you that the planet Earth must be warming?

## Topic 6: Radiative Forcing Data--The Earth is in an Energy Imbalance!

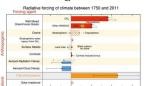


Figure 6: Radiative Forcing of Climate

 Agents in red and to the right (Greenhouse Gases etc.) are those that increase the trapping of the sun's energy and cause an increase in temperature.

·Agents in blue and to the left (clouds, aerosols) are those that decrease the trapping of the sun's energy and cause a decrease in temperature.

 The current energy imbalance is +2.3 W/m<sup>2</sup>. .This indicates that the Earth is Warming.

The Greenhouse Gases; CO2, CH4 and N2O are the major cause of the Earth's Energy Imbalance.

#### Topic 7: Carbon Dioxide Emission by Humans: They are Increasing!

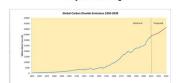


Figure 7A: CO. Emissions from 1850 & Projections to 2030

- 1. As shown on the graph, human CO, emissions from the burning of fossil has increased at a fairly steady rate since 1850 with larger increases since 1950.
- 2. In 2010 we emitted 37 billion metric tons of CO,
- 3. In 2030, based on current projected increases, CO, emissions could reach 45 billion metric tons/year.
- 4. Over 20 years that is an average increase of about 400 million or 0.40 billion tons per year. This projection is consistent with projected growth in the human

### How Much is 40 Billion Tons of Carbon Dioxide?

Let me put this in human terms. I chose a nice round number of 40 billion tons per year. What does that look like in human terms?



- 1. There are over 7 billion people on the planet. For the sake of simplicity let's assume that the average person weighs about 100 pounds. What would be the
  - •7 billion people weigh about 700 billion pounds
- 2. We are putting about 40 billion tons of CO. in the atmosphere each year. How much is that in pounds?
  - •40 hillion tons = 80 000 hillion pounds
- •This means that the amount of CO, we are putting into the Earth's climate systeme very year is about 114 times larger than the total weight of the human race. 9

#### Topic 8: Atmospheric Levels of CO, from Mauna Loa Observatory

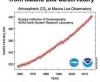
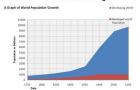


Figure 8: Mauna Loa CO, data: 1958 to November 2015 (57 years) Monthly mean atmospheric CO, levels

#### Details:

- 1. The data is from 1958 to November 2015 (57 years)
- 2. Since 1958 there has been a steady increase in CO<sub>2</sub> from 310 ppm to 401 ppm. (29% increase)
- 3. This is an average of about  $\underline{\text{1.6 ppm per year}}$  over that same 57 years.
- 4. In 2015 alone CO<sub>2</sub> levels in the atmosphere were increasing at about 3.0 ppm per year and it is expected to continue to increase as we use more fossil fuels and our population increases.

#### Topic 9: Human Population Growth: **Driver of Fossil Fuel Usage**



# Figure 9: World Population Growth (1750-2150)

- Details:

  1. In 1750 at the start of the Industrial Revolution the world population was less than 1 billion
- 2. By 1950 it had reached about 2.5 billion
- 3. By 2015 we are at over 7 billion and growing
- 1. By 2050 we will be at about 9 billion
- 5. The use of the planet's energy resources is being driven by the growth of our population and our desire to improve our living standard.
- Currently the population (Birth deaths) is increasing at about 75 million per year.
- 7. The world average per capita greenhouse gas emission is about 5.6 tons/year/person.
- 8. 75 million x 5.6 tons/year = 425.7 million tons of additional

GHGs per years on top of what is already being emitted.

## Topic 10: Could Natural Causes be Responsible? Sun. Orbital Forcing & Volcanoes

1976 to 2013 Blue: GMST (°F) Red: Solar Irradiano



Solar Irradiance and Global Mean Surface Temperature 1978 to about 2013

•The sun's energy received at the top of Earth's atmosphere has been measured by satellites since 1978. It has followed its natural 11-year cycle of small ups and downs, but with no net increase (red). Over the same period, global temperature has risen markedly (blue).

### Summary

While solar irradiance has not increased over the past 30 to 40 years the global mean surface temperature has continued to rise. 12

### Figure 10B: Orbital Forcing: Is it the cause of Global Warming?

Figure 6B.1: Axial tilt (Obliquity) Over a period of 41,000 years the Earth's tilt varies from 22.1° to 24.5° and back earth's till varies from 22.7 to 24.5° and back again. Currently the Earth is tilted at 23.44° from its orbital plane, roughly halfway between its extreme values. While it is well known that the tilt of the earth can have effects on global temperatur the current tilt of the earth should not have any notable effect on global temperature.

Figure 6B.2: Earth's Orbit around the Sun (Eccentricity). The shape of Earth's orbit varies from nearly circular to a more ova shape and back to nearly circular and takes about 100,000 years to complete this cycle Currently, we are in an orbit of near circular which does not bring the Earth closer to the sun and will not do so for several thousand years. We are in a neutral orbit, one that is

Figure 6B.3: Axial precession (Wobble)
Precession is the trend in the direction of the Earth's axis of rotation relative to the fixed stars, with a period of roughly 26,000 years. The current orientation of the Earth's Axial Precessions is not such as it would contribute to global temperature.

not heading for an ice age and one that is

not heading for global warming in several

Summary: The experts state that the current positions of the Earth's orbit should result in cooler temperatures, but instead the average temperature of the planet is on, the rise.

# 10C: Volcanoes: Are they emitting large amounts of CO<sub>2</sub>?

What about volcanoes? When one looks at a volcanic plumb one can easily image bad things happening. Here we see the eruption of Mount Pinatubo in the Philippine Islands in 1991. It was one of the largest eruptions of the twentieth century. But what is that plumb cloud made of? Most of the plumb is water vapor, not CO. For this volcano the other major gas was sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>), it is not a GHG but actually causes global cooling. In addition, sulfur dioxide does produce "acid rain" which is very harmful to the environment.



Volcanic Eruption of Mount Pinatubo on June 1991

Yearly CO <sub>2</sub> emitters 2010 Data	Billion metric tons per year
Global volcanic emissions (highest preferred estimate)	0.26
Anthropogenic CO <sub>2</sub> in 2010	33.6
Light-duty vehicles	3.0

Summary: The experts point out that human CO. emissions for 2010 where about 130 times that of CO, emissions from volcanoes, 33.6 billion tons/year vs. 0.26 billion tons/year.

# Topic 11: The IPCC's RCP Projections for 2050 and 2100

# The Details for RCP 2.6 RCP 2.6 is the most stringent RCP Scenario. On the left is a table by decade showing how our ${\rm CO}_2$ emissions from fossil fuels must change and that data is in graph form on the right.

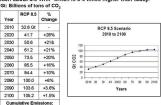
•We will have to reduce our fossil fuel dependence below zero by 2100 if we want to keep the global mean surface temperature below 2.0°C

Billions	of tons of C	0,	Figure 11 A: The Details for RCP 2.6	
Year	RCP 2.6	% Change	Ingalo 174, 110 Socialo foi No. 210	
2010	31.6Gt	-	RCP 2.6 Scenario 2010 to 2100	
2020	33.0	+4.4%		
2030	26.4	-20%	40 7	
2040	17.6	-33%		
2050	11.8	-33%	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
2060	5.7	-52%	<b>5</b> 10	
2070	0.95	-83%		
2080	-1.43	-250%	-10 3	
2090	-2.97	-108%	Year	
2100	-3.37	-14%		
Cumu	lative En	nission:		

990 Gt					
Summar	y: RCP 2.6	Referenc	Reference Point in 1750 is 56.84°F		
Projected Atmospheric CO <sub>2</sub>		Global Mean Surface Temperature °C Temp Anomalies & (mean in actual °F)			
2050	2100	2050	2100	2300	
440ppm	420 ppm	1.0°C (58.64°F)	1.0°C	1.0°C	

# Figure 11B: The Details for RCP 8.5

RCP 8.5 is the really bad news; it is the business as usual scenario with increased usage of fossil fuels. If we follow the RCP 8.5 scenario by 2100 the energy imbalance (RF) will reach about 8.5 W/m2 which is 3-4 times higher than today.



6 180 Gt

Summar	y: RCP 8.5	Reference	Point in 175	0 is 56.84°F	
Projected Atmospheric CO <sub>2</sub>		Global Mean Surface Temperature °C Temp Anomalies & (mean in actual °F)			
2050	2100	2050	2100	2300	
540 ppm	935 ppm	2.0°C (60.44°F) Warning Zone	3.7°C (63.5°F)	≥ 8.0 °C (71.24°F)	

In 2050 the temperature could reach 2°C (3.6°F) which puts us in the warning zone and it will continue to increase to about 3.7°C (6.3°F), the danger zone, by 2100. By 2300 it could reach 8 to 12°C (14 to 22°F) above the pre-industrial age. These temperatures will have a major impact on the Earth's climate and life forms.